

The Hongkong Telegraph.

No. 224.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1882.

FIVE DOLLARS
PER QUARTER.

For Sale.

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

HAVE received their supply of Autumn and Winter HOSIERY and OUTFITTING GOODS, all of this Season's London Patterns. COMPRISING—

SINGLES and DRAWERS in ALL TEXTURES.

TIES and SCARFS, in the most FASHIONABLE SHAPES and COLOURS.

SHIRTS and COLLARS of FRENCH and IRISH CAMBRIC.

BRACES, in COTTON, SILK, LEATHER and BERLIN.

ATHLETIC and CRICKETING BELTS and CAPS.

STRIPED ROWING JERSEYS and SWEATERS.

CANVAS SHOES.

FLANNEL and SILK SHIRTS FOR TENNIS.

CHRISTY'S HATS, in NEWEST SHAPES and SHADES.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.
Hongkong, 25th September, 1882. [296]

Insurances.

THE SOUTH BRITISH FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW ZEALAND.

CAPITAL, £1,000,000 (One Million Sterling).
UNLIMITED LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS.

The Undersigned, having been appointed Agents for the above Company, are prepared to ACCEPT FIRE and MARINE RISKS at Current Rates, allowing usual discounts.

GEO. R. STEVENS & Co.
Hongkong, 14th March, 1882. [164]

THE Undersigned, have been appointed AGENTS to the NEW YORK BOARD of UNDERWRITERS.

ARNHOLD, KARBURG & CO.
Hongkong, 15th June, 1881.

RECORD OF AMERICAN AND FOREIGN SHIPPING.

ARNHOLD, KARBURG & CO.
Hongkong, 15th June, 1881. [457]

NOTICE.

THE MAN ON INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

(CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED.....\$1,000,000.)

The above Company is prepared to accept MARINE RISKS at CURRENT RATES on Goods, &c. Policies granted to all Parts of the world payable at any of its Agencies.

WOO LIN YUEN
Secretary.

HEAD OFFICE,
No. 3, QUEEN'S ROAD WEST.
Hongkong, 1st February, 1882. [81]

YANGTSE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION.

CAPITAL (Fully Paid-up).....Tls. 420,000.00
PERMANENT RESERVE.....Tls. 230,000.00
SPECIAL RESERVE FUND.....Tls. 290,553.95

TOTAL CAPITAL and ACCUMULATIONS, 8th May, 1882.....Tls. 940,553.95

DIRECTORS.
H. DE C. FORBES, Esq., Chairman.
J. H. PINCKVOSS, Esq., Wm. MEYERINK, Esq.,
A. J. M. INVERARITY, Esq., G. H. WHEELER, Esq.

HEAD OFFICE—SHANGHAI.
Messrs. RUSSELL & Co., Secretaries.

LONDON BRANCH.
Messrs. BARRING BROTHERS & Co., Bankers.

RICHARD BLACKWELL, Esq., Agent,
68 and 69, Cornhill, E.C.

POLICES granted on MARINE RISKS to all parts of the World.

Subject to a charge of 12 per cent. for Interest on Shareholders' Capital, all the PROFITS of the Underwriting Business are annually distributed among all Contributors of Business (whether Shareholders or not) in proportion to the premium paid by them.

RUSSELL & Co., Agents.
Hongkong, 13th May, 1882. [53]

GENERAL NOTICE.

THE ON TAI INSURANCE COMPANY, (LIMITED).

CAPITAL TAELS 600,000, EQUAL, \$833,333.33.
RESERVE FUND.....\$70,858.27.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
LEE SING, Esq., LEE YAT LAM, Esq.,
LO YOK MOON, Esq., CHU CHIK NUNG, Esq.

MANAGER—HO AMEL.

MARINE RISKS on GOODS, &c., taken at CURRENT RATES to all parts of the world.

HEAD OFFICE, 8 & 9, PRAYA WEST.
Hongkong, 1st September, 1882. [601]

THE CITY OF LONDON FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

CAPITAL £2,000,000, PAID-UP.....£200,000.
PAID-UP RESERVE FUND.....£50,000.

The Undersigned, having been appointed Agents for the above Company, are prepared to ACCEPT RISKS against FIRE at Current Rates.

GEO. R. STEVENS & Co.
Hongkong, 14th March, 1882. [165]

Auctions.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

MR. J. M. GUEDES has received instructions from the MORTGAGEE to Sell by Public Auction,

TO-MORROW,

the 13th October, 1882, at 2.30 O'CLOCK P.M., at the Premises,

A VALUABLE LEASEHOLD PROPERTY

SITUATE ON THE PRAYA, VICTORIA, IN THE ISLAND OF HONGKONG,

Known as "THE BLUE BUILDINGS."

Comprising—

All that Piece or Parcel of GROUND registered in the Land Office as MARINE LOT No. 65, as the same is held for 980 years at the yearly rent of \$1029.53 and subject to the Lessee's Covenants and Conditions in the Crown Lease thereof reserved and contained.

The Premises will be offered for Sale in 5 lots as follows:—

Lot 1.—Containing 17 HOUSES and a Piece of Vacant GROUND on the Northern side thereof comprising in the whole 10,920 square feet or thereabouts and Coloured Pink on the Sale Plan produced by the Auctioneer at the time of Sale.

Lot 2.—Containing a Capital Substantially Built DWELLING HOUSE or TENEMENT with a GODOWN in the rear thereof comprising in the whole 10,400 square feet or thereabouts and Coloured Green on the said Sale Plan.

Lot 3.—Containing a Capital Substantially Built DWELLING HOUSE or TENEMENT with a GODOWN in the rear thereof comprising in the whole 10,657 square feet or thereabouts and Coloured Purple on the said Sale Plan.

Lot 4.—Containing a Capital Substantially Built DWELLING HOUSE or TENEMENT with a GODOWN in the rear thereof comprising in the whole 10,657 square feet or thereabouts and Coloured Blue on the said Sale Plan.

Lot 5.—Containing a Capital Substantially Built DWELLING HOUSE or TENEMENT with a GODOWN in the rear thereof comprising in the whole 12,007 square feet or thereabouts and Coloured Yellow on the said Sale Plan.

The Lots will be offered for Sale subject to the existing lettings and tenancies thereof respectively and to the payment of due proportions of the Crown Rent and Performance of the Crown Covenants so far as the same Covenants respectively affect the said Lots.

For Further Particulars of the Property and Conditions of Sale, apply to

BRERETON, WOTTON, & DEACON,
Solicitors for the Mortgagee,
29, Queen's Road,
Hongkong.

or to

J. M. GUEDES,
Auctioneer,
Hongkong.

Hongkong, 3rd October, 1882. [666]

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instructions from the MORTGAGEE to Sell by Public Auction, on

SATURDAY,

the 14th day of October, 1882, at THREE P.M., on the Premises,—

ALL those PIECES or PARCELS of GROUND Registered in the Land Office as SUBSECTION No. 2, of SECTION A of MARINE LOT No. 16A, measuring North and South sides 27 feet, East and West sides 30 feet, and SECTION C of MARINE LOT No. 16, measuring on the North side 17 feet, on the South side 19 feet, East and West sides 31 feet. Together with the 2 HOUSES Nos. 13 and 15, Mercer Street.

For Further Particulars and Conditions of Sale, apply to

J. M. GUEDES,
Auctioneer,
Hongkong, 3rd October, 1882. [667]

PUBLIC AUCTION.

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION,

THURSDAY,

the 19th day of October, 1882, at THREE P.M., on the Premises,—

IN 3 LOTS

THE FOLLOWING

VALUABLE LEASEHOLD PROPERTIES

ON THE PRAYA, IN BONHAM STRAND AND JERVOIS STREET.

BY ORDER OF THE MORTGAGEES.

1ST LOT.—All that PIECE of GROUND Registered in the Land Office as SECTION A of MARINE LOT No. 227, measuring on the North side 45 feet, on the South side 55 feet, on the East and West sides 76 feet. Held for 999 years, under Crown Lease dated 3rd January, 1870. Crown Rent \$90, with the SUBSTANTIALLY BUILT HOUSES known as Nos. 24, 25, and 26, Praya West.

2ND LOT.—All that PIECE of GROUND Registered in the Land Office as the REMAINING PORTION of MARINE LOT No. 171, measuring on the North and South sides 14 feet, on the East and West sides 50 feet. Held for 999 years from 2nd October, 1866, with the SUBSTANTIALLY BUILT HOUSE known as No. 75, Bonham Strand.

3RD LOT.—All that PIECE of GROUND Registered in the Land Office as MARINE LOT No. 35C, measuring on the North and South sides 14 feet, East 85 feet, and West 88 feet. Held for 999 years from 26th June, 1843, with the HOUSES known as Nos. 60, Bonham Strand and 93, Jervois Street. Yearly Crown Rent \$9,600.

For Further Particulars and Conditions of Sale, apply to

SHARP, TOLLER, & JOHNSON,
Solicitors for the Mortgagees,
or to

J. M. GUEDES,
Auctioneer,
Hongkong, 6th October, 1882. [674]

PUBLIC AUCTION.

WINE MERCHANT AND GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT.

No. 33, WELLINGTON STREET.

HAS always on hand a large assortment of CHOICE WINES of the best quality, at Moderate Prices.

Hongkong, 10th October, 1882. [664]

Intimations.

J. ULLMANN & CO.

42, QUEEN'S ROAD.

HAVE ALWAYS ON HAND A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF GOLD and SILVER WATCHES and CHRONOMETERS, CLOCKS OF ALL KINDS, BAROMETERS, THERMOMETERS, ANEROIDS, SPECTACLES, EYE-GLASSES, &c.

BY THE BEST MAKERS, and AT LOW PRICES.

GENTLEMEN'S PARISIAN MADE SHIRTS, SCARVES, and COLLARS IN THE NEWEST STYLES.

FRENCH BOOTS AND SHOES OF BEST QUALITY.

MEERSCHAUM PIPES, CIGAR CASES and HOLDERS, ALBUMS, INKSTANDS, POCKET-BOOKS.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT of STATIONERY. CROCKERY WARE, TEA and COFFEE SETS, RIFLES, FOWLING PIECES, and REVOLVERS.

A CHOICE SELECTION of PINAUD'S BEST PERFUMERY. &c., &c., &c.

Hongkong, 2nd October, 1882. [660]

ROSE & CO.

31 AND 33, QUEEN'S ROAD.

DRAPERY DEPARTMENT.

SHEETINGS, TOILET, and MARSEILLA QUILTS, TABLE CLOTHS also TABLE DAMASK BY THE YARD.

TABLE NAPKINS and TRAY CLOTHS, ANTIMACASSARS, CRUMB CLOTHS, HUCKABACKS, TURKISH TOWELS, BATH BLANKETS and WRAPPERS.

Also, WHITE COTTON TERRY BY THE YARD, TOWELS, WRAPPERS, and BATH BLANKETS.

SWISS and SCOTCH BOOK MUSLINS, NAINSOOKS, LAWNS, &c., &c., &c.

GENTLEMEN'S OUTFITTING DEPARTMENT.

WHITE LONGCLOTH SHIRTS WITH and WITHOUT COLLARS. UNDERSHIRTS, SMEDLEY'S MERINO and BALBRIGGAN.

INDIA GAUZE, THE NEW NETTED, SILK and COTTON, SPUN SILK and OTHERS.

HALF HOSE, WELL ASSORTED in COTTON, MERINO, SILK, &c. UMBRELLAS and WALKING STICKS.

COLLARS, SHAPES of PREVAILING FASHION. HANDKERCHIEFS.

CHRISTIE'S FELT HATS.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED OUR FIRST PARCEL OF KID GLOVES.

LADIES 2, 4, 6, and 8 BUTTONS and GENTS 2 BUTTONS.

TRAVELLING TRUNKS.

ROSE AND COMPANY, 31 AND 33, QUEEN'S ROAD.

Hongkong, 25th September, 1882. [379]

SAYLE & CO.'S SHOWROOMS.

SAYLE & CO.

WE HAVE PLEASURE in ANNOUNCING OUR FIRST SHOW OF

AUTUMN and WINTER FASHIONS FOR MONDAY NEXT.

THE 2ND OCTOBER, 1882, AND FOLLOWING DAYS.

AT THE SAME TIME WE SHALL ALSO OPEN A CASE OF NEW TOYS FOR CHILDREN.

A LIBERAL DISCOUNT FOR CASH.

SAYLE & CO. VICTORIA EXCHANGE, HONGKONG.

Hongkong, 30th September, 1882. [659]

"NOVELTY STORE."

MARINE HOUSE, QUEEN'S ROAD.

TO Clear Old Stock, the following are offered for a short period at greatly reduced rates:—

TWO SHILLING NOVELS BY OUIDA, BESANT AND RICE, PAYN, COLLINS, &c.

FIFTY CENTS EACH. TAUCHNITZ NOVELS.

THIRTY CENTS EACH. ALSO, FRENCH NOVELS BY EMINENT NOVELISTS, AND BOUND VOLUMES OF ILLUSTRATED LONDON NEWS and PUNCH FROM 1864 TO 1878, AT VERY CHEAP PRICES.

S. MEYERS, Manager.
Hongkong, 9th October, 1882. [661]

To be Let.

TO LET.

GOOD and COMMODIOUS HOUSES at SPRING GARDENS (Seven Minutes Drive from Town) with Water laid on, for \$18, \$25, and \$35 per Month.

Apply to J. D. WOODFORD.
Hongkong, 3rd October, 1882. [669]

TO LET.

THE 1ST STOREY of the 2ND HOUSE known as the "BLUE BUILDINGS" PRAYA EAST. Lately occupied by the U. S. CONSULATE, with immediate possession.

J. M. GUEDES.
Hongkong, 26th September, 1882. [649]

TO LET.

No. 4, OLD BAILEY STREET. Nos. 2 AND 4, PEDDAR'S HILL.

No. 6, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, lately occupied by PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

No. 8, SEYMOUR TERRACE. No. 9, SEYMOUR TERRACE.

Apply to DAVID SASSOON, SONS & Co.
Hongkong, 20th September, 1882. [74]

To be Let.

TO BE LET.

(WITH POSSESSION ON 1ST OF OCTOBER NEXT.)

THAT LARGE and COMMODIOUS HOUSE, No. 14, Arbuthnot Road, at present in the occupation of Dr. FISHER.

Apply to J. A. DE CARVALHO.
Hongkong, 31st August, 1882. [596]

TO LET.

(WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.)

A LARGE OFFICE, OR SUITE OF OFFICES ON THE FIRST FLOOR OF THE PREMISES OCCUPIED BY KELLY & WALSH.

Hongkong, 2nd October, 1882. [662]

STORAGE.

THE Undersigned are prepared to take Goods on STORAGE at their GODOWNS. Entrance from Praya and Queen's Road Central.

TERMS MODERATE.

Apply to ROSE & Co., 31 and 33, Queen's Road.
Hongkong, 30th June, 1882. [666]

Notices of Firms.

NOTICE.

THE BUSINESS hitherto carried on in Hongkong by the AMERICAN NOVELTY COMPANY having been taken over by Mr. SIDNEY B. LEWIS, will in future be conducted under the style of

S. B. LEWIS & Co.

ALL Claims against the AMERICAN NOVELTY COMPANY to be sent in for collection to the Undersigned, who will also receive all Debts due the said Company.

(Signed) S. B. LEWIS & Co., Marine House, Queen's Road Central.

Hongkong, 9th October, 1882. [682]

Intimations.

HONGKONG, CANTON, and MACAO STEAMBOAT COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

ON and after TO-DAY, the 11th instant, the Hour of Departure of the "POWAN" and "KIUNGCHOW" will be 5.30 P.M. from HONGKONG, and 5 P.M. from CANTON.

By Order, P. A. DA COSTA, Secretary.

Hongkong, 10th October, 1882. [687]

BRITISH NORTH BORNEO COMPANY.

TENDERS for BUILDING GOVERNMENT OFFICES at SANDAKAN are invited.

Plan to be seen and all necessary information to be obtained on Application to Mr. R. G. ALFORD, Surveyor, Queen's Road.

Sealed Tenders to be delivered to the Undersigned (who do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any Tender) on or before THURSDAY, the 19th instant, at NOON.

HIRLEY & Co.
Hongkong, 10th October, 1882. [688]

A GENERAL MEETING of MEMBERS will be held in the Hall of the "ENGINEERS' ASSOCIATION" on WEDNESDAY, the 11th October, at 8 P.M., for the purpose of deciding upon the proposed REMOVAL to more suitable Premises.

By request of Executive Committee, JAMES K. REBBECK, Hon. Secretary.

Hongkong, 7th October, 1882. [678]

THE UNION INSURANCE SOCIETY OF CANTON, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the UNION INSURANCE SOCIETY OF CANTON, LIMITED, will be held at the Society's Head Office, Hongkong, on FRIDAY, the 27th day of October, 1882, at 3.15 P.M., when a Resolution will be proposed for the purpose of amending and adding to the existing Articles of Association of the Society in such manner as to provide for the Increase of Capital and the sub-division of Shares; And also in such manner as to modify the existing Provisions therein as to the Transfer of Shares, the limitation of Insurance Risks, the Application of Profits, and the Investment of the Society's Capital; And also in such manner as to render the said Articles Consistent with Limited Liability; And also in such other manner as may be necessary to give effect to the purposes aforesaid.

By Order of the Board, DOUGLAS JONES, Acting Secretary.

Hongkong, dated the 4th day of October, 1882.

CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

ADJUSTMENT OF BONUS.

SHAREHOLDERS are hereby requested to send in to this Office a List of their CONTRIBUTIONS of PREMIA, from the 11th day of May to the 31st day of December, 1881, in Order that the Proportion of Profit for that year to be paid as BONUS to CONTRIBUTORS may be arranged. Returns not sent in before the 30th November next will be made up by the Company, and no subsequent claims or alterations will be allowed.

By Order of the Directors, JAS. B. COUGHTRIE, Secretary.

Hongkong, 22nd September, 1882. [645]

J. M. GUEDES, AUCTIONEER and COMMISSION AGENT.

No. 33, WELLINGTON STREET, HONGKONG.

Hongkong, 23rd January, 1882. [62]

FOR SALE.

G. H. MUMM & Co.'s CHAMPAGNE.

QUARTS.....\$22 per Case.
PINTS.....\$23 per Case.

Apply to MELCHERS & Co.
Hongkong, 2nd March, 1882. [132]

THE CITY OF MANILA CIGAR STORE.

HAS FOR SALE.

CIGARS of all Brands, Imperiales, Caballeros, Vегуeros, Regalias, Londres, Nuevo Habanos of all makes, quality guaranteed. TOBACCOS of all Brands, at moderate prices. FANCY GOODS from the Parisian markets, Meerschaum Pipes, Jewellery of Chaste Designs. Sun Hats, &c., &c.; Commissions Executed.

JOSE M. BASA.
No. 51, B, QUEEN'S ROAD, CENTRAL.
Hongkong, 1st May, 1882. [297]

C. L. THEVENIN.

WINE and SPIRIT MERCHANT.

HONGKONG HOTEL BUILDINGS.

HAS FOR SALE.

A FINE ASSORTMENT of WHITE and RED BURGUNDIES.

AT MODERATE PRICES.

A Capital AMONTILLADO SHERRY at \$8.00 per dozen.

Assorted LIQUEURS of the best quality.

Intimations.

GARDEN SEEDS.

SEASON 1882-3.

A. S. WATSON & CO.

HAVE LATELY RECEIVED
AND
OPENED
OUT
THEIR NEW SEASON'S
SUPPLY OF

VEGETABLE AND FLOWER SEEDS.

CATALOGUES SUPPLIED ON APPLICATION.

VEGETABLE PARCEL OF 50 PACKETS,

PRICE \$7.50.

FLOWER PARCEL, PRICE.....\$10.00.

FLOWER PARCEL, HALF SIZE, PRICE.....\$5.00.

SINGLE PACKETS AT PRICES

AS PER LIST.

A. S. WATSON & Co.,
HONGKONG DISPENSARY,
HONGKONG. [431]

NOTICES TO CORRESPONDENTS.

It is requested that all communications relating to Subscriptions, Advertisements, &c., be addressed to the "Manager, Hongkong Telegraph" and not to the Editor.

Letters on Editorial matters to be sent to "The Editor" and not to individual members of the staff. Communications intended for publication must be accompanied by the name and address of the writers, not necessarily for publication; but as evidence of good faith.

Whilst the columns of the Hongkong Telegraph will always be open for the fair discussion by correspondents of all questions affecting public interests, it must be distinctly understood that the Editor does not in any way hold himself responsible for opinions thus expressed.

TO ADVERTISERS.

Advertisers are requested to forward all notices intended for insertion in this day's issue not later than THREE O'CLOCK so as not to retard the early publication of the paper.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Arrangements have been made to publish The Hongkong Telegraph daily at 4 P.M. Subscribers in the central districts who do not receive their copies before FIVE O'CLOCK will oblige by at once communicating with the Manager.

The Hongkong Telegraph

HONGKONG, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1882.

In one of his famous Moral Essays, Pope very pertinently queried

"Who shall decide, when doctors disagree,
And soundest counsels doubt like you and me?"

The professional differences, not only of professors of the healing art, but of the various classes of scientific men, have passed into a proverb all the world over, and led to warm disputes, and bitter controversies innumerable on the public platform and in books, pamphlets and the public press. Hongkong is essentially a scientific colony, and undoubtedly a pleasant place for professional lines to fall into; but it does not therefore follow that such a crowd of so-called scientists are essential for Hongkong. However, we have our scientists, and as an old English writer puts it, be the bargain good or bad we must of necessity make the best of it.

Two of our best known professional men made a public appearance as experts before Chief Justice Sir GEORGE PHILLIPS, in the Summary Jurisdiction Court yesterday. These two experts were Messrs. WILLIAM DANBY, and ROBERT G. ALFORD, architects, surveyors, civil engineers, &c., &c., and the important question they were called upon to decide had relation to the genuineness of a composition frequently used by Chinese builders, and known as "chunam." It appears from the evidence adduced in court that a contractor named PAN SING KAI agreed in March, last, for the sum of \$125, to make a "chunam" tennis court in the garden of Mr. HIRST, under certain plainly defined stipulations, the principal of which were—rooting up and re-planting several trees, levelling the ground, and laying down three inches of "chunam." The work was carried out and \$50 paid on account. Mr. HIRST promising to pay the balance of \$75 within two months. At the expiry of this term application was made for payment, which was refused on the grounds that the work had not been properly done, that the court had been rendered perfectly useless by the ground having been imperfectly levelled, and that the "chunam" was not "chunam" at all.

Mr. WILLIAM DANBY C.E. was called for the defendant and swore that he had made an examination of the tennis court, and found that the "chunam" laid down was not "chunam" at all, with the exception of an eighth of an inch on the top; the matter below was red earth. Mr. DANBY enlightened the Court as to the ingredients of which "chunam" is composed—said

Ingredients being lime and earth incorporated in proper proportions. He further certified that the "chunam" in Mr. HIRST's tennis court was merely a skin, which had been blistered by the sun, and cracked by people walking about on it. The material at present laid down could not be made use of again.

Now for a look at the other side of the picture. Mr. R. G. ALFORD, architect, surveyor, &c., called by the plaintiff, opined that the tennis court was in fairly satisfactory condition, considering it had been in use for six months. The "chunam" was not of the best quality, and the work had not been well done, still the court was in good enough condition to play on. He had frequently seen the same kind of "chunam" before. He measured the "chunam" and found it to be two inches thick; and he thought the present materials could be used again. Mr. ALFORD in reply to the Chief Justice expressed his belief that an inch, or an inch and a half of good "chunam" would place the tennis court in a satisfactory condition.

We do not profess to know anything about "chunam," so we modestly decline to commit ourselves to any opinion as to whether Mr. DANBY's professional statements are correct and those of Mr. ALFORD erroneous, or vice versa; but we are certainly on the safe side in affirming that one of the two experts must have blundered. In this view we are supported by Sir GEORGE PHILLIPS, whose very practical line of action deserves hearty commendation. The learned Chief Justice probably knows as much about "chunam" as we do ourselves, but as he mildly expressed a belief that the statements of the professional gentlemen were rather contradictory, and intimated his intention of having a look at the place himself before giving judgment, it is fair to presume that in the not very remote past his lordship knew something about tennis courts. The worst element in cases where experts are examined, and where their evidence on simple facts and mere matters of detail differ so greatly, is the censure conveyed either to one side or the other by the judge's verdict. Either Mr. W. DANBY or Mr. R. G. ALFORD will look supremely foolish after Sir GEORGE PHILLIPS has paid his "professional" visit to Mr. HIRST's tennis court, and by his decision shown to the Hongkong public what he thinks of the opinions of our rival local surveyors in regard to that wonderful compound "chunam."

TELEGRAMS.

LONDON, 11th October.

RESULT OF THE CESAREWITCH.

NEWMARKET SECOND OCTOBER MEETING.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 10.

The Cesarewitch Stakes (Handicap) of 25 sovs each, 15lb. or 3 sovs entrance only if not accepting, with 300 added; winner of the Doncaster St. Leger to carry a weight to be fixed on the publication of the handicap; winners of a handicap value 300 sovs after the publication of the weights, 10lb.; of any other handicap, 5lb. extra; second receives 200 sovs, and third 100 sovs; entrance, 3 sovs, the only forfeit for horses struck out by a time to be named when the weights appear; Cesarewitch Course (2 miles 2 fur. 28 yards), 104 subs.
Mr. W. S. Crauford's b. f. Corrie Roy, by Gajopin out of Corrie 4 yrs.—8st 7lbs. (C. Wood) 1
Lord Bradford's br. h. Chippendale, by Ronco out of Adversity 5 yrs.—8st 12lbs. (J. Osborne) 2
Mr. H. V. Higgins' b. c. City Arab, by Tibthorpe out of Arab's dam 3 yrs.—7st. (Bowman) 3

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

A PARADE and inspection of the Government and Volunteer Fire Brigades will take place at the Central Fire Brigade Station this afternoon at 4.30 p.m.

WE are informed by the Agent of the Occidental and Oriental S. S. Co., that the steamer *Gafole* left San Francisco for this port on the 28th ult., and is due here on or about the 27th inst.

A WILTSHIRE schoolboy, when asked to name the seven nations of Canaan, drawled out, "The Hivites, the Perizites, the Puseyites, &c." This gentle youth had evidently been trained in an atmosphere of religious partisanship.

THE *China Mail* of last night "has news from Canton which still further confirms their remarks as to some serious stoppage having occurred to the completion of the Canton-Kowloon Telegraph." Our contemporary has however apparently received no further news to confirm the "serious riots" and "several people killed" of their previous remarks; and it is not considered worth while to contradict these unfounded reports.

THE youthful mind drinks in information from advertisements much more readily than through the orthodox channels. A curate was questioning some Sunday-school children, and at last asked, "Who was Enoch?" The question was passed right down the class without an answer. Two places from the bottom an urchin of some ten summers held out his hand. "Well, my little friend," said the curate, urbanely, "tell these ignorant boys and girls who Enoch was." "If you please, sir, Enoch went to heaven without trying, and his wife was turned into a pillar of fruit salt."

A BRONZE statuette recently found at Beyrouit is a female figure, entirely naked, and crowned with a crescent. One hand rest upon an ear, with an inscription, "To the Sidonians," in Phoenician characters. The figure is supposed to represent the goddess Astarte, and to be of the time of the Seleucids.

"LEND you twenty poun?" said a well known Hebrew obliger in Sydney, to a certain promiscuous citizen, "vell I doan know—vat security?" "Security!" exclaimed the citizen, "why I've been libelled in four different papers." "Vas de libels true?" "Well between ourselves they were." "Den shep inside; I loan you dat money straight away."

SWANSCOMB Church, near Dartford, was the scene of a little fun one Sunday morning a short time since. The rector published the banns of marriage between himself and the daughter of a well-known high art furniture dealer, who resides in the same parish. No notice was taken of the announcement until after the sermon, when the young lady's brother rose and protested against it, on the ground that it was made without his sister's knowledge; but the rector, nothing daunted, replied, "It's too late now. Let us pray."

THE writer of this paragraph remembers trying to pay Charles Mathews a graceful compliment: "My friend, Douglas Thompson," said I, "the well-known professor of elocution, tells me that he believes you could play the part of 'Hamlet' better than any actor on the English stage." "Give my compliments," returned the ungrateful comedian, "to your friend, Douglas Thompson, the well-known professor of elocution, and inform him that I shall endeavor to retain his good opinion by never attempting the character in question."—*London Society*.ACCORDING to the *Bulletin* a Charters Towers grocer named Belcher called attention, at a committee meeting of the School of Arts there, to the "enormous price of advertising in the local papers." Thady O'Kane the Editor of the *Northern Miner* retorted with the statement that the committee only advertised with him to the extent of 4s. 6d. in one month; and called attention to the extravagant charges made for kerosene. Mr. Belcher's spare time is now thoroughly occupied in going about and "wishing he hadn't spoke."SAYS the *Bulletin*—It was in Queensland, one short month ago. The marriage had been duly consummated by the rev. father, and the feast was done, when, to the amazement of all, the blushing bride, in the exuberance of her spirits, wanted to substitute another for her liege lord. He naturally pointed out that the desire was unreasonable, even unbefitting; but she persisted, and could not be induced to retire in the usual and lawful manner. The issue was a general mixing up, eviction of the guests, and a free fight. The bride opened her honeymoon that evening in the lock-up. Her husband's feelings were of the most joyful kind; and even "discharged with a caution" next morning scarcely set matters quite right.

THE submarine vessel now being constructed at Bucharest, it is claimed, will accomplish what no other submarine craft has ever been found equal to. The plan contemplates a vessel capable of moving under water for twelve hours without any renewal of air. Steam is the motor employed, and the speed reckoned upon is greater than that attained by sailing vessels. Practically, the management consists in simply sinking the vessel by opening certain valves, but its return to the surface involves more complex operations. An electric light, which is to be supplied, will, it is ascertained, render objects fairly distinguishable. For renewal of air it is not necessary that the vessel rise to the surface—the means resorted to for this purpose being an apparatus that can be sent up, and which, by working a pump, forces air into suitable receivers.

AN American journal tells us that it is a mistake to eat quickly. Mastication performed in haste must be imperfect even with the best of teeth, and due admixture of the salivary secretion with the food cannot take place. When a crude mass of inadequately crushed muscular fibre, or undivided solid material of any description, is thrown into the stomach, it acts as a mechanical irritant, and sets up a condition in the mucous membrane lining that organ which greatly impedes, if it does not altogether prevent, the process of digestion. When the practice of eating quickly and filling the stomach with unprepared food is habitual, the digestive organ is rendered incapable of performing its proper functions. Either a much larger quantity of food than would be necessary under natural conditions is required, or the system suffers from lack of nourishment. Those animals which were intended to feed hurriedly were either gifted with the power of rumination or provided with gizzards. Man is not so furnished, and it is fair to assume that he was intended to eat slowly.

PROFESSOR Lockyer is of the opinion that there are many facts suggested by the spectra of solar and stellar physics, which seem to show the elements themselves, or, at all events, some of them, are compound bodies. Thus, it would appear that the hotter a star the more simple is its spectrum; for the brightest, and therefore probably the hottest stars, such as Sirius, furnish spectra showing only very thick hydrogen lines, and a few very thin metallic lines, characteristic of elements of low atomic weight. On the other hand, the cooler stars, such as our sun, are shown by their spectra to contain a much larger number of metallic elements than stars such as Sirius, but no non-metallic elements; and, again, the coolest stars furnish fluted band spectra, characteristic of compounds of metallic with non-metallic elements, and of non-metallic elements. These facts appear to meet with a simple explanation, if it be supposed that, as the temperature increases, the compounds are first broken up into their constituents' elements; and that these elements then undergo decomposition into elements of lower atomic weight.

THE Spanish steamer *Emmy* docked at Kowloon last night.

"WHEN George the Third was King" it was much more an offence for a woman to appear without rouge than it now is to be seen with it. Young girls were not allowed to wear it, however, and the saying arose, "She is marrying to wear rouge and diamonds." It was supposed that gold had the property of attracting the blood to any spot on which it might be rubbed, and girls used to rub their lips and cheeks with sovereigns. Of all rouges now in use the one said to be the best is made by dissolving a quarter of an ounce of finest carmine in half an ounce of liquid ammonia, and adding, after two days, a pint of rosewater and half an ounce of triple essence of roses. A new rouge is perfectly white when applied, but the pale girl has not been half an hour in the open air before her cavalier is delighted to perceive that a rich, healthy glow is overspreading her cheek, and he is rather inclined to think that his conversational powers are partly responsible for the improvement. The preparation must be carefully used, as it is not easy to judge of the effect until it changes color. All rouges injure the skin in time, particularly those in which mercury is an ingredient.

Two more characteristic anecdotes about Bandmann, "the greatest tragedian in the world." Daniel Edward required the aid of a few "supers" for several of his Shakespearean representations, and at our suggestion engaged several men of the R. A.—some of whom are fairly good amateurs—agreeing to pay them one dollar per man for each performance. The honourable Bandmann on settling up with these men refused to carry out his promise, said they ought to be satisfied with seeing the performance free of charge, and eventually palmed them off with 50 cents a head. A Chinese carpenter was employed to erect the balcony scene in "Romeo and Juliet"—that scene where Daniel looked a cross between a barrel organ man and jolly Jack Falstaff, and in which "the little donkey's" San Francisco love making experiences stood her in good stead—and after working at it for a whole day came for his wages. He asked for half a dollar. "Give the scoundrel ten cents and kick him off the stage," howled the eminent one to his stage manager, and this was the sum actually paid. The orchestra Bandmann engaged for Othello he never paid at all. He thought they received quite enough by being permitted free of charge to see him in his great mission of making Shakespeare famous. We are not quite sure what are the proper terms applied by law to the tragedian's acts above mentioned. In our own homely way we characterize them as swindling transactions of the paltriest and meanest kind. We wonder if our learned friend Mr. Francis thinks that it is for the public benefit these shady doings of his late eminently respectable client should be exposed!

CHAN ACHAN, a coolie, was charged this morning before Mr. Wodehouse with stealing a silk jacket and pair of pants, valued at \$4. Chung Tai Shan who described himself as a tragedy-merchant belonging to the Wing Ngai Sheung company now performing at the Tung Hing Theatre said he had retired to roost in the theatre last night, after the "Opera was over" and was awakened by some one pulling the bed curtain on one side. The prisoner grabbed the coat and pants which he, the "tragedian" had taken off previous to turning in, and made tracks with them. The Chinese child of Thespis was not to be done out of his upper and nether coverings in this shabby manner, so calling out "thief!" he started a la the pursuer of the celebrated Tam O'Shanter in chase, and the consequence was the "annexer" of the pants and jacket was run to earth. Defendant stated that he went to the theatre yesterday to while away a passing hour, being fond of the drama, but getting a trifle tired he fell asleep and did not wake up till the show was over and the building closed up for the night. In groping about he accidentally got into the actor's quarters, when some people caught hold of him and said he went in there to steal, which was far from his intention. He is a resident of West Point and came to Hongkong to look for work. Mr. Wodehouse very charitably supplied Mr. Chan Achan with the thing he desired by giving him a three month's job in the Government service, besides supplying him with free board, lodging and clothes for the above named period.

FROM a notice in our advertising columns it will be observed that the Royal Italian Opera Company will shortly start on their winter campaign. They intend leaving Manila before the end of the present month, and hope to be able to arrange for one representation in Hongkong prior to their departure for Shanghai. The opera they have selected for this performance is Verdi's "ERENANI." The Shanghai season is expected to last until the middle of December, and then the Company will return to Hongkong for the regular winter season. We understand that the company, augmented as it has been lately by a number of first class artists from Italy, will be the most powerful combination we have yet seen in Italian opera in this colony. Admirers of high class musical abilities united to dramatic powers of no mean order will be pleased to learn that one of the artists lately arrived from Europe is Signor Baggiolo, the basso of Signor Capli's troupe, a gentleman who gained distinguished honours in Hongkong during his former visits. If Signor Baggiolo appears as *Don Ruy* in "Erenani" the opera goes off Hongkong have a treat in store. In addition to a new tenor, prima donna, basso, &c., a well known French *maitre* has been specially brought from Europe to conduct the opera. The December programme in Hongkong will commence with a subscription series of six operas, the operas to be selected by the subscribers from the Company's repertoire of 27 famous works by the most celebrated composers. Full particulars relating to subscriptions will be found in the advertisement; but we may state that a plan of the theatre may be seen and seats secured at Messrs. Kelly and Walsh's, Queen's Road.

WE are glad to hear from Mr. Charles Ford, the honorary secretary of the Hongkong Horticultural Society that the committee have decided to hold an Exhibition about the usual time next year, if sufficient funds can be obtained by subscriptions and donations to meet the probable costs. It appears that last year the subscriptions collected were so small that a large amount had to be taken from the Society's reserve fund to meet the expenses of the Exhibition. This is not as it should be, and we therefore hope that the public will come forward more liberally on this occasion, so as to enable the committee to carry out the worthy objects they have in view. We understand that it is intended to have a Poultry Show again. Might we suggest to the committee, if any difficulty should arise in regard to funds, that a bazaar amongst the well wishers of the Society might easily be arranged, which would be sure to prove a remunerative attraction at the show! In such a good cause we feel sure that Signor Traebini would once more bring his peep show and his wondrous "suit of sables" out of their retirement.

In the expressive language of the immortal Mr. Toots we ask—what is our morning contemporary's little game? Yesterday afternoon the honorary secretary of the Cricket Club sent round to the three local papers as an item of news, the information that a match would be played on Saturday next between teams selected by the Treasurer and Secretary respectively. The circular which reached us last, distinctly states that the information conveyed therein was for our local columns. And as a paragraph it duly appeared in the *Telegraph* and *China Mail*. And so it did in the *Daily Press*; but as the morning paper evidently does not care about publishing news items unless it is paid for so doing, the "artful one" also repeated the secretary's circular as an advertisement. This is about the meanest and most contemptible dodge we have ever come across in Hongkong, always excepting the gratuitous advice tendered to Signor Hoffich not to advertise in the *Telegraph*. The *Daily Press* will, one of these days, request payment for publishing the results of our local cricket matches and public meetings. The latest dodge, however, is rather too transparent to go down with Mr. W. de St. Croix. We venture to predict that when the *Mandell's* bill for this advertisement is sent in, it will be returned, endorsed in Mr. St. Croix's well known list in choice Chinese—"no savey."

A DEPLORABLE accident, says a home contemporary, has occurred at Cannes to a member of Sanger's circus troupe. A negro, who was replacing the regular lion-tamer, who was wounded at Frejus, was entering the lion's cage, when his foot slipped, and he fell on his face. The lions, with their natural instinct, rushed upon the prostrate man, and repeatedly tore his flesh, a young one especially holding him with persistence, and tearing his thigh. An assistant rushed to his rescue, and repelled four of the lions with his pitchfork, but the fifth refused to let go till a red hot bar had been thrust down his mouth, when the unfortunate negro, still conscious, dragged himself out of the cage, and was carried off, bleeding profusely. The spectators meanwhile were almost paralysed with horror, which was soon changed into panic when it was perceived that the door was open for at least thirty seconds while the negro was being carried off. The lions might have sprung upon the assembly. A rush was made to the entrances, and the alarm which spread outside was only ended by the opportune action of an assistant who slammed the door of the cage. The poor negro having reached the hospital, though accompanied by a doctor, was refused admission because he was without an order. He was taken back to the circus and again to the hospital, where he was finally admitted. This gross mismanagement cost him his life, as he died from the loss of blood entailed during the double journey. This is the third accident which has occurred in this troupe.

WE were rather surprised during the festivities on board the *Honan* on Saturday last, when compliments and toasts, and expressions of gratitude and thanks were flying around, from directors to shareholders, and from shareholders back again to directors, and special thanks were tendered to the general body of the Company's employees, that no courteous acknowledgment was made of the very eminent services rendered to the Hongkong, Canton, and Macao Steamboat Company by the quiet, grey-haired and ruddy looking old gentleman, under whose command this vessel, which would not answer her helm in the placid waters of the Pearl River, was safely piloted from the banks of the Clyde in a most unfavorable season of the year, and without any very serious mishap, to the port of Hongkong, a distance of considerably over ten thousand miles. When experienced orators were expatiating on the merits of steam, and praising in no stinted terms the magnificent attributes of the *Honan*; when congratulations and thanks were flying round like grape shot in a sea fight, it was certainly singular that Captain Barnett's name should have escaped notice. No doubt it was an oversight, but nevertheless a noteworthy one. These gentlemen who particularly observed the eccentric manner in which the *Honan* answered her helm in the Canton river last Saturday, will be able to appreciate the difficulties which must have beset Captain Barnett in steering such an unwieldy and apparently unmanageable "ark" in mid ocean, where the breezes have a habit of blowing rather hard at times. And yet Captain Barnett, on being interrogated as to the difficulties which beset his passage out, quietly replied that the steamer behaved splendidly in all weathers, and that the troubles experienced were nothing uncommon. But nevertheless it must have been a difficult task to handle a vessel like the *Honan* in heavy weather, and we repeat that Capt. Barnett, by bringing her safely out against adverse influences, deserves all the praise that can be bestowed. This gallant old salt ought certainly to have been publicly complimented for his connection with the *Honan* by the Directors at last Saturday's historical banquet.

A REGULAR Lodge of St. John, No. 618, S. C. will be held at Freemason's Hall, Zealand Street, on Friday the 13th inst., at 8. for 8.30 p.m. precisely.

WE observe that an ingenious and painstaking statistician has recently taken the trouble to compile a table of the eccentric elopements of the past six months. The season he describes as having been "active and spasmodic." Here are a few samples. An elopement at Louisville was frustrated by a small boy, who with a well-directed snowball knocked off the coachman's hat. While he was recovering his hat the train, the unhappy couple were endeavouring to reach started, and the pursuing parents came up. In Illinois a young lady ran away barefooted; her lover insisted upon stopping to buy a pair of shoes. The delay proved fatal. A lover at Winona was so impetuous that he did not even wait for the young lady's consent, but lassoed her as she was going to church, and was dragging her away to a justice's office when help arrived. England does not figure very largely, though we find one case in which a man was eccentric enough to run off with his mother-in-law. At Batavia, Frederick L. Jackson, aged forty-nine, ran away with his father-in-law's second wife, a young woman, leaving behind his own spouse, whom he had shot in the face, rendering her totally blind, and who had been supported, with his family, by her father. One elopement ended in a tragic manner. The lady was pursued by her mother down the railroad track. The old lady, in her excitement, failed to notice the approach of a locomotive, which ran over her and killed her. A man hailing from Wisconsin eloped with his employer's wife, and left the following note for the bereaved husband:—"I have looked your woman; but you are welcome to my last week's wages, which I didn't draw; and I hope that squares things."

SAYS the *Graphic*—"Is 'scientist' a word which a scholar and a gentleman may use without a blush? We incline, with a reviewer in the *Pall Mall Gazette*, to think the term 'objectionable,' though 'objectionable' is a word to which there are manifest objections. 'Scientist' is one of those American coinages like 'songist' for 'singer,' 'swimmist' for 'swimmer,' and the rest, which should be left to cheap comic writers. If people are too lazy to say 'philosopher' or 'man of science,' or, with Captain Costigan, 'scientific cyaracter,' they might take refuge in the decent obscurity of a foreign tongue, and say *savant*. 'Wiseacre,' though old, is discredited. 'Educationist,' meaning a person who addresses the Social Science Congress on questions of the theory of education, is another bad new word. It was first employed, to our knowledge, by the cruel criminal who, many years ago, beat his pupil to death with the wooden end of a skipping-rope. We do not prefer words which come from a school like that spoken of by the immortal waiter to David Copperfield; a school where 'they killed a boy—with whopping.' Mr. Squeers is an evil parent saint of 'educationists,' who, after all, are seldom anything worse than prigs. Another novel word is 'flagging.' Our soldiers began to 'flag' soon as they were on board the ships that are conveying them to the land of Kiemi, which is an old name for Egypt. To 'flag' now means not to slacken and grow faint on the way, but to signal by means of flags. The last new words are 'practical and scientific milling.' Medals are offered, with the approval of the South Kensington Commissioners, for proficiency in this sport, yet none of them are likely to decorate the manly breast of Professor Donnelly. For 'scientific milling' is not sparring, and no pugilist can hope for success in 'prosecuting his studies in the mechanics and chemistry of milling.'WRITING on "Press Anonymity" the Sydney *Bulletin* says—"In a discussion in the South Australian Parliament upon a Press Bill, whereby greater liberty is to be secured to the Press in South Australia, by making it exceedingly difficult to commence vexatious actions against 'good marks' of the Fourth Estate, Mr. Kingston condemned unhesitatingly the anonymity of the Press, and moved a resolution making it compulsory for the editor of a newspaper to print the names of the contributors along with their articles. Now, at first blush, this looks fair; if a man has got any public matter to bring under the notice of the authorities or of his fellows, why not have his name, and let it be seen who he is? A little examination only is necessary to show that the proposal is fair in appearance, and not otherwise. What a man may have to say is, in most cases, valuable exactly in proportion to the extent to which he is not concerned in it; for it is an axiom that whenever a man's interest enters, you must allow for his bias. This is especially the case in public matters; a man may have a complaint or a proposition to make vitally affecting the public good, and which his own personality does not concern a whit. Besides there is the chance that a man's personality might endanger the reception of his principle. For instance, would Sir John Robertson pay any attention to a proposal about the Public Lands over the signature of 'Capricornus,' or with what scornful emphasis would not Mr. William Foster peruse a letter over the dear signature of Sir Henry Parkes? And yet these respective *blue noires* might have valuable communications to make on a matter of pressing public moment. There is another way of looking at this matter. Many men know intimately the defects of the organization with which they are connected, and it might be a public service for them to point out such defects; yet who would dare under his full name to do so? Would any of the gentlemen conducting such a pedantic and long-winded correspondence in the daily Press on the shortcomings of the Education department (and incidentally, on their own) sign their full names under their pronouncements? Or, again, would an intelligent man in the Larde Office dare to point out any of the multitude of faults of that huge circumlocution office, or show how the public business might be expedited? If he did his days in the Larde Office would be assuredly numbered. And the public are too ungrateful to try these services to make worth any one's while to try the experiment."

We regret to hear that a telegram has been received in town announcing the death of Mrs. Hopkins, wife of Captain Hopkins, long and favorably known in this port as the genial skipper of the *Rajahattianhar*.

AN Australian contemporary predicts that the libel trade must come to this:—Auctioneer, loq.—"Now gentlemen, what shall we try to come off in two months. Case is as clear as daylight. The Weekly Boreak called the plaintiff an 'esoteric almuantur.' Nobody seems to know what it means, but it is an undoubted libel. The issuer of the writ is prepared, gentlemen, to swear—and this will increase the value of the lot materially—anything. What shall we say for it? 50, 60, 70, 80, 100 guineas—thank you sir. Going at a hundred—one—two—three—gone. Mr. Bluffum."

We beg to direct the attention of the public to a humorous and musical entertainment which will be given at the Theatre Royal, City Hall, on the evening of Saturday next, by Mr. W. Russell Schmidt, late of the Bandmann-Baudet combination, and one of the mighty tragedians, unfortunate dupes, who will be assisted on this occasion by an array of local talent. Mr. Schmidt is a versatile performer, and character actor of much ability, who, under all circumstances, is deserving of support. We have not yet seen the programme of the entertainment, but understand it is a very attractive one. Tickets may be secured and seats booked at the Novelty Store, Queen's Road Central.

RUSSIAN PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Nothing better illustrates the sloth and inefficiency of the Russian Government than the miserable condition of the public schools of her two chief cities, Moscow and St. Petersburg. The school system is more than one hundred years old; and yet the whole number of pupils in the public schools of Moscow last year was but 4691; in St. Petersburg but 4074. San Francisco, with but a third as great a population as St. Petersburg, has nearly three times as many children in the public schools as both these Russian capitals. The children in Moscow attending these so-called public schools are charged each \$1.80 a year for their tuition; in St. Petersburg \$2.70. And yet the yearly charge against the Government for the support of the schools is \$24.30 per pupil at Moscow and \$22.32 at St. Petersburg. The wages of teachers range from \$103 to \$360 a year. At St. Petersburg a teacher gets \$360 a year and lodgings; assistants get 30 per cent less. At Moscow the first male teacher \$240. Assistants get \$180. At the end of three years the salary is increased, and at every cycle of three-years till it reaches \$450 for the first male teacher, and \$360 for the first female. Each teacher at St. Petersburg has fifty pupils.

In both cities, and in fact all over Russia, the churches outnumber the schoolhouses by 6,000. In rural towns and districts there are no schools worth naming. The whole number of primary schools in the empire is but 22,500. Average them at fifty pupils, and we have as the whole number of children attending schools other than colleges, universities and gymnasiums, 1,125,000—a most pitiful exhibition for a nation of 85,000,000. The entire appropriation for schools, including universities, in 1879, by the Government, was but \$1,000,000. A single American State, New York, expended the same year \$10,464,000 on her common schools, and California, with less than 600,000 population, spent \$3,010,000 in 1879 in support of her public schools.

In the United States we spent in 1879 \$10,424,000 on the army—by far too much—and 78,000,000 for education. The same year Russia spent \$136,500,000 on her army, and the contemptible amount of \$11,600,000 on her educational system. This statement explains the difference between the most enlightened republic of the earth and the most despotic empire. It is the difference between light and darkness, life and death, steam power and ox power, the gang plow and the forked-stick plow, the cotton mill and the old spinning wheel, a nation born to freedom and a nation still emerged from centuries of slavery.—*Atlas*.

CAN RUSSIA GO TO WAR?

Brave words are easily spoken, but nevertheless a nation of a hundred millions is a political fact that must be counted with in any settlement of Egyptian affairs. The Vienna correspondent of the *Daily Telegraph* inquires, "Who, then, does Mr. de Giers hope to intimidate by the thunders of Russian diplomacy?" To this, it may be said that just now no one does care very much about Russia or her threats, least of all the nation whose splendid fleet could instantaneously blockade every port she owns. All the same, it is senseless to play the brag on the rash assumption that Russia is rotten to the core, and is neither in a position to take the field alone against any first-rate Power, nor can count upon a single ally save Arabi Pasha. Nihilism and internal intrigue, it is true may be gradually undermining the throne of the Romanoffs, but history affords us many lessons not to rely too surely on the theory that because a nation is divided against itself it is impotent to take the field against a foreign Power. At the first cry of war it is wonderful how grievances are hushed, nor are they heard again till peace is declared. Nor should politicians forget that a foreign war is very frequently tried by weak Governments as a remedy for social inequities. Hence, at the present crisis, Russian diplomacy should be more than ever watched.

Nor are the other two arguments much better founded. Russia is perfectly able to take the field against Austria, or any other Power, including even Germany, although in the latter case the probabilities are that she would be handsomely beaten. There is ample money in the State Treasury for any military operations; her people are rich and easily taxable; she possesses artillery, rifles, and the usual paraphernalia of war in abundance; while her troops are readily and cheaply fed; in short, large portions of the Russian army are in the habit of providing for themselves, both in times of peace and war. In all her Central Asian expeditions how often has her army broken down through want of transport! Minimizing the strength of a possible foe is a long way from wise; it begets want of preparation at home. The captors of Gen. Tepe are no despicable enemy, and if it is true that Russia has no ally at this exact moment, it by no means follows that two exact Powers might not presently come to her aid. The moral of this is that England should "keep her powder dry."—*Overland Mail*.

"HAMES-STREET INDUSTRIES" by Percy Russell. This Illustrated Pamphlet on Perfumery, &c., published at 6d., may be had gratis from any Chemist or dealer in perfumery in the World, or JOHN GOSNELL & Co., London.—[ADVT.]

HOTEL CHOW-CHOW.

It is not often, Mr. Editor, that I can afford to indulge in the luxury of a good dinner, but when I do resolve to eat my dollar, I like to get that dollar's worth. As it was a soft evening, and I had just received your remittance, the thought of a No. 1 dinner at the Hongkong Hotel suggested itself to my mind. I entered the portals of that magnificent establishment in company with several of the leading merchants and citizens who daily honor the hotel comradore with their appreciation of his culinary productions, and entered the dining hall, which was pretty well filled. I modestly sat down in a quiet corner and resolved to work steadily till the tempting bill of fare. I must say that the boys who wait at table are a decided improvement on your European waiters, for they do not require the glimpse of a silver bait to make them attend to your repeated cry of "waiter," but generally crowd round each new comer, particularly if he is a stranger, which impresses either an idea of overwhelming hospitality or an endeavor to take some unlawful advantage, of which most travellers are always suspicious. Having secured the services of an old boy, who knew me in better days, I ordered "No. 1 on the card" and waited the result. I regret my taste for soups is not sufficiently cultivated to give an opinion of the "sheeps head and barley" which was served up. I had a spoonful and gave it up in favor of No. 2, which, I am sorry to say, had been affected by the heavy thunder storm which took place as the coolie was carrying the fish home, and resulted in the "animal" appearing at table sodden and tough. The No. 3, a baked crab, was eaten with evident relish by a gentleman sitting near me, but really as there is so much dysentery and cholera about, crab in all forms should be avoided by people who have not been accustomed to "high" living. I missed out the "entrées" entirely after looking down the list, and ordered No. 8, the "Roast Beef of old England;" no, old China roast beef, or to again transpose the words and arrive at the correct form of speech, the old beef of China (roast). One thing I must confess, it gave the cook ample time (during my attempts upon the beef) to grill me a mutton chop, (which tip was given me by an old hand) and I then began to make a dinner. Potatoes, not too hot, and beans which would persist in floating in the water, (I can vouch for this as I saw them floating in the dish) as well as the boiled cucumber, formed the &c., &c., of my plate. The other articles in the "bill of fare" I was quite satisfied with seeing others eat; and I have avoided shrimp curry since I last dined at the same establishment. Pudding, "Suet" or "Sweet," I could not make out which from the *menu*, but either will do for it was very much of both, and with a delicious jelly I finished my dollar's worth. Now, sir, I simply write to you to show you I was there myself, and that I occasionally do mix in good society, but I think I could probably get quite as good a dinner in London for a shilling or eighteenpence, and very much better cooked. At the same time I would not mind paying my dollar more frequently at the Hongkong Hotel if the cook at that establishment would give us fewer dishes, but better served up. And don't you think that a plain glass water jug placed on each table would be an improvement on the "dead men" which are pressed into the service as "water" bottles? Such a change would be a very great improvement in the opinion of "THE OLO MAN."

Hongkong, 12th October, 1882.

To-day's Advertisements.

FOR MANILA (DIRECT).

THE Spanish Steamer
"PASIG,"
Captain Uribe, will be despatched for the above Port, TO-DAY, the 12th instant, at FIVE P.M.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
REMEDIOS & Co.
Hongkong, 9th October, 1882. [683]

FOR MANILA.

THE Steamship
"INGEBORG,"
Captain Henry, will be despatched for the above Port, TO-DAY, the 12th instant, at FIVE P.M.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
RUSSELL & Co.
Hongkong, 11th October, 1882. [685]

FOR MANILA (DIRECT).

THE Steamship
"REMUS,"
Captain Hill, will be despatched as above, TO-MORROW, the 13th instant, at FIVE P.M., instead of as previously advertised.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
DUNN, MELBYE & Co.
Hongkong, 12th October, 1882. [686]

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and Management of
D. K. GRIFFITH,
Studio 8, Queen's Road,
Hongkong, 12th October, 1882. [691]

WANTED TO RENT.

FROM THE MIDDLE OF DECEMBER UNTIL MARCH.
A FURNISHED FAMILY
RESIDENCE
IN A HEALTHY SITUATION,
—with—
GARDEN, STABLE, AND COACH HOUSE.
Full Particulars to be sent to
E. B.
Hongkong Telegraph Office.
Hongkong, 3rd October, 1882. [668]

To-day's Advertisements.

THEATRE ROYAL CITY HALL, HONGKONG.

M. R. W. RUSSELL SCHMIDT
late of the Bandmann-Baudet Combination,
begs to inform the Hongkong public that
he will give a grand entertainment of
VOCAL AND INSTRUMENT MUSIC
AT THE
THEATRE ROYAL,
CITY HALL,
ON
SATURDAY EVENING,
THE 14TH INST.
Full Particulars will be shortly announced.
Seats may be secured at the NOVELTY STORE,
Queen's Road.
Hongkong, 12th October, 1882. [690]

ROYAL ITALIAN OPERA.

THE DIRECTORS OF THE ROYAL
ITALIAN OPERA COMPANY
beg to inform the community of Hongkong that
they intend about the Middle of December
to give a series of
SIX SUBSCRIPTION PERFORMANCES
AT THE
THEATRE ROYAL,
CITY HALL.

The OPERAS will be
selected from the Com-
pany's repertoire of 27 works
by the greatest composers, in ac-
cordance with the wishes of the public.
The LIST is now on view at
Messrs. KELLY AND
WALSH'S, where Seats
may be secured.

The ROYAL ITALIAN COMPANY, which has
been recently augmented by the arrival of
FIVE NEW ARTISTS of tried
ability from Italy, will form the
most powerful combination that
has ever appeared on the
lyric stage in
Hongkong.

The Company
will visit this Colony
on their way to Shanghai
at the end of the present month
when it is intended, if circumstances
will allow, to give one grand operatic
representation, on which occasion will be
produced Verdi's Celebrated Opera
ERNANI.

FULL PARTICULARS WILL BE DULY
ANNOUNCED.—

For the Series of SIX SUBSCRIPTION PER-
FORMANCES the PRICES of ADMISSION
will be as follows:—

Dress Circle 3 Seats.....\$35.00.
" 1 Seat.....\$15.00.
Stalls 3 Seats.....\$25.00.
" 1 Seat.....\$10.00.

FOR EACH PERFORMANCE.
Dress Circle\$3.00.
Stalls\$2.00.
Unreserved Seats.....\$1.00.

M. MORITZ,
Secretary.

Hongkong, 12th October, 1882. [689]

U. S. MAIL LINE.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
THROUGH TO NEW YORK, VIA OVER-
LAND RAILWAYS, AND TOUCHING AT
YOKOHAMA AND SAN FRANCISCO.

THE U. S. Mail Steamship

"CITY OF TOKIO,"
will be despatched for San Francisco, via
Yokohama, on SATURDAY, the 28th instant,
at THREE P.M., taking Passengers and Freight
for Japan, the United States, and Europe.
Through Bills of Lading issued for trans-
portation to Yokohama and other Japan Ports,
to San Francisco, to Atlantic and Inland Cities
of the United States, via Overland Railways, to
Havana, Trinidad, and Demerara, and to ports
in Mexico, Central and South America, by the
Company's and connecting Steamers.

Through Passage Tickets granted to England,
France, and Germany by all trans-Atlantic lines
of Steamers.
RETURN PASSAGES.—Passengers, who
have paid full fare, re-embarking at San Fran-
cisco for China or Japan (or vice versa) within
six months, will be allowed a discount of 20 per
cent. from Return Fare; if re-embarking within
one year, an allowance of 10 per cent. will be
made from Return Fare. Pre-Paid Return
Passage Orders, available for one year, will be
issued at a Discount of 25 per cent. from Return
Fare. These allowances do not apply to through
fares from China and Japan to Europe.

Freight will be received on board until 4 P.M.
on the 27th October. Parcel Packages will be
received at the Office until 5 P.M. same day;
all Parcel Packages should be marked to ad-
dress in full; value of same is required.
Consular Invoices to accompany. Overland
Cargo should be sent to the Company's Offices
in Sealed Envelopes, addressed to the Collector
of Customs at San Francisco.

For further information as to Passage and
Freight, apply to the Agency of the Company,
No. 50A, Queen's Road Central.
F. E. FOSTER,
Agent.
Hongkong, 12th October, 1882. [505]

For Sale.

KELLY & WALSH
OFFER THE FOLLOWING 2/ NOVELS
by Ouida, Besant and Rice, James Payn,
Wilkie Collins, Justin McCarthy and other
Eminent Novelists

SIXTY CENTS EACH
OR
SIX DOLLARS
AND FIFTY CENTS
PER DOZEN.

Under Two Flags. Pascarel.
Moths. Pipistrello.
Puck. Friendship.
Two Little Wooden Shoes. A Dog of Flanders.
Ariadne. Cecil Castlemaine's Gage.
Signa. In a Winter City.
Strathmore. Folle Farine.
Held in Bondage. Idalia.
Trictrac. Chandos.

WALTER BESANT AND JAMES RICE.
The Golden Butterfly. With Harp and Crown.
Ready Money Mortiboy. 'Twas in Trafalgar's Bay.
My Little Girl. The Monks of Thelama.
The Case of Mr. Lucraft. By Celia's Arbour.
The Seamy Side.

JAMES PAYN.
Lost Sir-Massingberd. A Confidential Agent.
Pallo Fortunes. Found Dead.
The Fallen Scapegrace. Less Black than we're Painted.
A County-Family. Gwendoline's Harvest.
Halves. By Proxy.
High Spirits. The Clyffards of Clyffe.
The Foster Brothers. Cecil's Tryst.
Bentinel's Tutor. A Perfect Treasure.
Cecil's Tryst. Not Wood but Won.
A Marine Residence.
At Her Mercy. Under one Roof.
Mirk Abbey. The Best of Husbands.
Humorous Stories. What He Cost Her.
Murphy's Master. Under Which Lord.
A Woman's Vengeance.

WILKIE COLLINS.
The Woman in White. Poor Miss Finch.
Miss or Mrs. Fallen Leaves.
Hide and Seek. The Two Destinies.
Basil. The Dead Secret.
The New Magdalen. Queen of Hearts.
The Law and the Antoinette.
Lady. The Haunted Hotel.
The Moonstone. The Frozen Deep.

JUSTIN MCCARTHY.
Donna Quixote. The Waterdale Neigh-
bours.
Dear Lady Disdain. A Fair Saxon.
My Enemy's Daughter. A Fair Saxon.
Miss Misanthrope.

KELLY & WALSH—HONGKONG.
Hongkong, 22nd September, 1882. [559]

F. BLACKHEAD & CO.

SHIPCHANDLERS, STORE-KEEPERS
AND
GENERAL COMMISSION AGENTS,
PRAYA CENTRAL.
HAVE RECEIVED EX LATEST ARRIVALS.

AMERICAN CAST STEEL SHOVELS.

PICKS. AXES. HATCHES.
ENGINEERS' & HOUSEHOLD HAMMERS.
PATENT BIT-BRACES.
AUGER-BITS.
DRILLS.
GIMBLETS.
SQUARES.
PATENT BRASS PADLOCKS &
CHEST LOCKS.

MRS. POTT'S PATENT SADRONS.
COOKING STOVES.
FAIRBANKS' SCALES.
FORCE PUMPS FOR SHIPS' USE.
DRILLING MACHINES.
ANVILS.
VICES.

BLACKSMITH BELLOWS.
&c., &c., &c.

BEST WHITWORTH'S STOCK AND DIES.
SCREW WRENCHES.
PLANE IRONS.
CHISELS.
HAMMERS.
PINNERS.
NIPPERS.
DIVIDERS.

RULES.
METAL SCISSORS.
METAL SAWS.
TUBE EXPANDERS.
OIL-FEEDERS.
OIL-CANS.
SALTER'S SPRING BALANCE SCALES.
WESTON'S PATENT TACKLES.
PATENT SOCKET.
DISTRESS SIGNALS.
HOLMES' PATENT SIGNAL LIGHTS.
FOGHORNS.
SIGNAL LAMPS.
LIFE BUOYS.

LIFE BELTS.
&c., &c., &c.

SPARKLING SCHARZHOFFBERGER.
FLENSBURG STOCKBEER.
MARIENTHALER BEER.

VEUVE CLICQUOT PONSARDIN
CHAMPAGNE.
Hongkong, 7th October, 1882. [680]

Intimations.

D. K. GRIFFITH.
MANUFACTURER OF THE LONDON
AERATED WATERS.
7, BEACONSFIELD ARCADE,
(Opposite the City Hall)

Having lately Purchased the entire Machinery
of the late Mr. E. CHASTEL'S
SOJA WATER FACTORY
is now prepared to execute the largest orders
for every description of Aerated Waters with
promptness and despatch.

SUPERIOR QUALITY
I S G U A R A N T E E D.
Consumers should try those carefully
Manufactured
SPARKLING WATERS.
THREE DOZEN FOR ONE DOLLAR.
All Orders and Communications should be ad-
dressed to The Factory,
7, BEACONSFIELD ARCADE.
Hongkong, 11th April, 1882. [225]

HONGKONG TIMBER YARD,
WANCHAI.
OREGON PINE SPARS AND LUMBER
ALWAYS ON HAND.
L. MALLORY,
Proprietor.
Hongkong, 24th June, 1881. [495]

J. AND R. TENNENT'S ALE AND
PORTER
DAVID CORSAIR & SONS'
MERCHANT NAVY
NAVY BOILED
LARD, FLAX
CROWN
ARNHOLD, KARBURG & Co.
Hongkong, 15th June, 1881. [458]

G. FALCONER & CO.
WATCH AND CHRONOMETER
MANUFACTURERS
AND
JEWELLERS.
NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS,
CHARTS AND BOOKS.
No. 46, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL. [434]

STAG HOTEL.
QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.
GOOD ACCOMMODATION FOR
VISITORS.
ENGLISH & AMERICAN BILLIARDS.
Dinner at One o'clock, Dinner at 7 o'clock.

This Hotel is most centrally situated and
within easy distance of the principal landing
places.
4751 J. COOK, Proprietor.

DE SOUZA & CO.
PRINTERS, STATIONERS, AND
BOOKBINDERS.
D'AGUIAR STREET.

EVERY KIND OF WORK EXECUTED WITH
ACCURACY, NEATNESS, AND DESPATCH
ON
VERY MODERATE TERMS.

SELECTED MATERIALS FOR
MARKET REPORTS
Book-binding and Ruling in every style executed
at low rates. Workmanship Guaranteed.
Hongkong, 23rd August, 1882. [582]

WILLIAM SCHMIDT & CO.
GUNMAKERS & AMMUNITION
DEALERS,
BEACONSFIELD ARCADE.

Arms, Ammunition, and Requisites of
every description.
Arms Repaired, Cleaned, or Converted at
moderate charges.
Sporting Guns and Ammunition always
on hand. [28]

CHS. J. GAUPP & CO.
CHRONOMETER, WATCH, AND
CLOCK-MAKERS,
JEWELLERS, SILVER-SMITHS, AND
OPTICIANS.
CHARTS AND BOOKS.
SOLE AGENTS
for Louis Audemars' Watches; awarded the
highest Prizes at every Exhibition; and
for Voigtlander and Sohn's
CELEBRATED OPERA GLASSES, MARINE
GLASSES, AND SPYGLASSES.
No. 38, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL. [447]

INTERNATIONAL
NOVELTY COMPANY.
KOOLANGSOO, AMOY, (CHINA).

IMPORTERS OF EUROPEAN
AND
AMERICAN NOVELTIES.
EMILE PFANKUCHEN,
Manager.
Amoy, 22nd August, 1882. [527]

HAIR DRESSING SALOON
HONGKONG HOTEL.
W. P. MOORE begs to inform the Gentle-
men of Hongkong and Visitors that he
has reduced the price of Hair-Cutting to 50 cents.
Having now in his employ three competent As-
sistants who are always in attendance, he guaran-
tees to execute this class of work, in all its
branches, with a perfection which cannot be ex-
celled in any part of the World.

Hair-Cutting.....50 Cents.
Shampooing.....25 Cents.
Trimming Beards.....25 Cents.

MONTHLY CUSTOMERS TAKEN AT REDUCED
RATES.
RAZORS MOST CAREFULLY RE-SET.

Mr. Moore begs to recommend his
GOGO SHAMPOO WASH
to the public as unrivalled by any prepara-
tion ever produced for promoting the growth
of the hair. The basis of this compound is
made of soap roots (the natives of the Philip-
pine Islands never use anything else for
washing their hair; they are never found bald,
and it is quite common to see the females with
hair from 5 to 6 feet long. By constantly using
this Shampoo Wash as directed, you will
NEVER BE BALD.

The proprietor offers the Wash to the public
entirely confident that by its restorative pro-
perties it will without fail arrest decaying
hair. It completely eradicates scurf, dandruff,
and cures all diseases of the scalp. It does not
contain any poisonous drugs. By its cooling
properties it allays the itching and fever of the
scalp, which is the great cause of people losing
their hair.

Mr. Moore has succeeded in being able to
put this wash up in bottles without allowing it to
ferment, and he will guarantee it to keep any
length of time in any climate. [516]

Intimations.

WING TY LOONG.
HAS FOR SALE.

PRIME Mess Pork and Beef, 200lbs. in Barrel.
Boiled and Roast Beef and Mutton, Soup
and Bouilli, American Hams, Bacon, Codfish,
Cracked Wheat, Hominy, fish white and red,
Beans, Assorted Fruits and Soups, Ham Saus-
ages, Salmon Bellies, Mackerell, Sheep's Tongue,
Choice Tripe, Caviar, Clam Chowder, Lobsters,
Oysters, Corn Meal, and every description of
Olmen's stores at moderate prices.

No. 39, HING LOONG STREET.
Hongkong, 1st May, 1882. [299]

W A H L O O N G,
ESTABLISHED 1865.
GOLD AND SILVER SMITH AND
JEWELLER.

DEALER IN
PONGEE Silk Dresses, Crap Shawls, Gauzes,
Ivory, and Lacquered Ware, Mattings,
&c., &c. Porcelain, Fans, Curios, Bristles,
Human Hair, and specially selected Feathers
always on hand at Moderate Prices, quality
guaranteed.

No. 60, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL,
HONGKONG.
Hongkong, 2nd June, 1882. [399]

NOTICE.
THE Undersigned has all kinds of House and
Ship COAL for Sale in large or small
quantities at Moderate Prices. Strong and Com-
modious small steamers on hire for towing pur-
poses, Excursions, &c., &c., CHEAPER than any
other House in the Trade.
Apply to
HING LEE,
37, Tung Man Lane.
Hongkong, 12th April, 1882. [227]

T O K K E E.
COAL MERCHANT,
18, WING SING LANE, HONGKONG.

KEEPS on hand for Sale all kinds of STEAM
COAL of the best quality, at moderate
rates; also has always Powerful Steam Launches
for Hire at a Reasonable Charge, either for
special Purposes, Excursions, or Towing.
Hongkong, 13th April, 1882. [234]

Y E U Q U A.
SHIP, PORTRAIT, AND MINIATURE
PAINTER.
PHOTOGRAPHIC VIEWS.
LANDSCAPES IN OIL AND WATER COLORS.
All Work Executed in First-Class Artists.
IVORY MINIATURES A SPECIALITY.
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.
No. 52, C, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, UPSTAIRS,
HONGKONG.
Hongkong, 4th April, 1882. [211]

C H I E N A M.
GOLD AND SILVERSMITH,
WATCH-MAKER
AND
ENGRAVER.
WATCHES CLEANED AND REPAIRED
ON MODERATE TERMS.
ALL WORK GUARANTEED.
JEWELRY MADE AND REPAIRED.
No. 72, WELLINGTON STREET,
HONGKONG.
Hongkong, 6th April, 1882. [214]

S Z H I N G.
TAILOR.
DEALER in all kinds of Drapery, Silk Hand-
kerchiefs, Embroidered Shawls, &c., &c.
HAT AND CAP MAKER.
Ladies material made up, and a perfect Fit Guar-
anteed at Moderate Charges.
MATTING AND MANILA CIGARS,
FOR SALE.
No. 76, WELLINGTON STREET,
HONGKONG.
Hongkong, 12th April, 1882. [228]

A H O Y.
Hov LEE.
MERCHANT TAILOR, HAT, & CAP MAKER.

HAS for Sale, every description of Gentle-
man's Scarves, Collars, Ties, Socks, Hats,
&c., &c. Dealer in Chinese Silks of all kinds.
Bamboo Blinds, Mattings of own Manufacture.
China Teapots in bamboo covers, Rattan Chairs,
Silk Coats a Speciality, a perfect fit and best
material guaranteed.
No. 112, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.
Hongkong, 16th May, 1882. [347]

S U N S H I N G.
DEALER IN SILKS.
CANTON and Shanghai Gauzes, Crap Shawls,
Lacquered and Ivory Wares, Curios, &c.,
&c., &c. The best house in the trade for high-
class Curios. GOLD AND SILVER JEWELRY
of the most artistic design. Engraver on Stamps,
Seals, &c., &c. The public and Travellers are
invited to inspect the show rooms.
No. 62, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL,
HONGKONG.
Hongkong, 1st May, 1882. [298]

S A M H I N G, (S T U L T Z).
MERCHANT TAILOR AND OUTFITTER,
HAT AND CAP MAKER.

IMPORTER of every description of Gentle-
man's Scarves, Collars, Ties, Socks, Um-
brellas, Hats, &c., &c. Dealer in Chinese Silks
of all kinds. Bamboo Blinds and Matting.
Special attention given to the Tailoring Depart-
ment. A perfect fit and best workmanship guar-
anteed. Cretonnes and Chintzes for Dresses in
all the newest patterns.
No. 49, AND 51, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.
Hongkong, 1st May, 1882. [302]

L I N G S H I N G.
BOOT AND SHOE-MAKER,
No. 5, WELLINGTON STREET, HONGKONG.

THE CHEAPEST SHOP IN THE TRADE.
Materials and Workmanship Guaranteed.
Special experience in making Gentlemen's
RIDING BOOTS.
Hongkong, 4th April, 1882. [207]

NOTICE.
BOOKBINDING AND RULING IN ALL ITS
BRANCHES, EXECUTED AT VERY LOW
RATES AT THE
"HONGKONG TELEGRAPH" OFFICE.
Account Books ruled to any pattern.
Music bound in Elegant Style with Best
Materials.
"TELEGRAPH" OFF

